

CORRECTION TO "HIGHER-ORDER NONLINEAR SYSTEM OF EQUATIONS OF CHANGING TYPE"

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The proof of Lemma 2 is incorrect, because the boundary values of u_{x^M} are not given. To correct this error we replace Lemmas 2, 3, 4 by the following lemma:

Lemma 2' Under the conditions in (3) there is the uniform estimate

$$\begin{aligned} & \|u_{x^M t}\|_{L_2(Q_t)}^2 + \|u_{x^M}\|_{L_2(Q_t)}^2 + \|u_u\|_{L_2(Q_t)}^2 \\ & \leq C\left\{1 + |\varphi|_{H^{2M}(0,t)}^2 + \|f\|_{H^1(Q_t)}^2\right\}, \quad \forall t \in [0,T] \end{aligned} \quad (12)$$

Proof Firstly, making the integration $[(Lu)_t, -b(t)u_u](t)$, $\forall t > t_0$, we have

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{1}{2}(b(t)K(t)u_u, u_u)(t) + \frac{1}{2}(b(0)K(0)u_u(0,x), u_u(0,x)) \\ & + \left[\left(-\frac{3}{2}b(t)K'(t) + \frac{1}{2}b'(t)K(t) \right) u_u, u_u \right](t) - [b(t)K'(t)u_t, u_u](t) \\ & + \frac{1}{2}(b(t)Au_{x^M t}, u_{x^M t})(t) - \frac{1}{2}(b(0)Au_{x^M t}(0,x), u_{x^M t}(0,x)) \\ & - \frac{1}{2}[b'(t)Au_{x^M t}, u_{x^M t}](t) + [\mathcal{H}(u)u_t, b(t)u_u](t) \\ & = [f_t, -b(t)u_u](t), \quad \forall t > t_0 \end{aligned} \quad (13)$$

where $\mathcal{H}(u) = \left(\frac{\partial^2 F(u)}{\partial u_i \partial u_j} \right)$ is the Hessian matrix of $F(u)$. The term on the right-hand side in (13) is estimated by

$$|[f_t, -b(t)u_u]| \leq \frac{k_0}{6} \|b(t)^{1/2}u_u\|_{L_2(Q_t)}^2 + C \|f_t\|_{L_2(Q_t)}^2 \quad (14)$$

The 4-th term on the left-hand side in (13) is estimated by

$$|[b(t)K'(t)u_t, u_u]| \leq \frac{k_0}{6} \|b(t)^{1/2}u_u\|_{L_2(Q_t)}^2 + C \|b^{1/2}u_t\|_{L_2(Q_t)}^2 \quad (15)$$

The 3rd term on the left-hand side in (13) is estimated by

$$\begin{aligned} & \left[\left(-\frac{3}{2}b(t)K'(t) + \frac{1}{2}b'(t)K(t) \right) u_u, u_u \right] \\ & \geq \int_{t_0}^t \int_0^1 b(t) \left(\frac{3}{2}k_0 I - \lambda K(t) \right) u_u \cdot u_u dx dt \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& + \int_{t_0}^t \int_0^1 b(t) \left(\frac{3}{2} k_0 I - \varepsilon K(t) \right) u_u \cdot u_u dx dt \\
& \geq k_0 [b(t) u_u, u_u](t), \quad \forall t > t_0
\end{aligned} \tag{16}$$

In consideration of the assumption (3)(iii) we obtain

$$\begin{aligned}
|[\mathcal{H}(u)u_t, b(t)u_u]| & \leq C_5 [|u|^p |u_t|, b(t) |u_u|] + C_6 [|u_t|, b(t) |u_u|] \\
& \leq C_5 \| |u|^p \|_{L_1(Q_t)} \| b(t)^{1/2} u_t \|_{L_1(Q_t)} \| b(t)^{1/2} u_u \|_{L_2(Q_t)} \\
& \quad + \frac{k_0}{6} \| b(t)^{1/2} u_u \|_{L_2(Q_t)}^2 + C_6(k_0) \| b(t)^{1/2} u_t \|_{L_2(Q_t)}^2
\end{aligned}$$

where $\frac{1}{p} + \frac{1}{q} = \frac{1}{2}$, $p > 2$ (any real number), and $q = \frac{2p}{p-2}$. From (11) we have

$$\begin{aligned}
|[\mathcal{H}(u)u_t, b(t)u_u]| & \leq \frac{k_0}{3} \| b(t)^{1/2} u_u \|_{L_2(Q_t)}^2 + C_6(k_0) \| b(t)^{1/2} u_t \|_{L_2(Q_t)}^2 \\
& \quad + C_5(k_0) \| b(t)^{1/2} u_t \|_{L_2(Q_t)}^2
\end{aligned}$$

By Nirenberg's inequality

$$\begin{aligned}
\| b(t)^{1/2} u_t \|_{L_2(Q_t)} & \leq C \| b(t)^{1/2} u_t \|_{L_2(Q_t)}^{1-a} \| b(t)^{1/2} u_t \|_{H^1(Q_t)}^a \\
& \leq C' \| b(t)^{1/2} u_t \|_{H^1(Q_t)}^a
\end{aligned} \tag{17}$$

where $a = 1 - 2/q = 2/p < 1$. Hence

$$\begin{aligned}
|[\mathcal{H}(u)u_t, b(t)u_u]| & \leq \frac{k_0}{3} \| b(t)^{1/2} u_u \|_{L_2(Q_t)}^2 \\
& \quad + \eta (\| b(t)^{1/2} u_u \|_{L_2(Q_t)}^2 + \| b(t)^{1/2} u_{xt} \|_{L_2(Q_t)}^2) + C(k_0, \eta)
\end{aligned} \tag{18}$$

The positivity of the 1st, 2nd, 5th and 7th terms on the left-hand side in (13) hold by the assumptions (3) and (7). Then, in consideration of (14)-(18), from (13) it follows the estimation

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{k_0}{3} \| b(t)^{1/2} u_u \|_{L_2(Q_t)}^2 + \frac{a_0}{2} \| b(t)^{1/2} u_{xt}(t, \cdot) \|_{L_2(0,1)}^2 + \frac{\varepsilon a_0}{2} \| b(t)^{1/2} u_{xt} \|_{L_2(Q_t)}^2 \\
& \leq \frac{b(0)a_1}{2} \| u_{xt}(0, x) \|_{L_2(0,1)}^2 + \eta (\| b(t)^{1/2} u_u \|_{L_2(Q_t)}^2 + \| b(t)^{1/2} u_{xt} \|_{L_2(Q_t)}^2) \\
& \quad + C(\| f \|_{H^1(Q_t)}^2 + |\varphi|_{H^1(0,1)}^2 + 1), \quad \forall t > t_0
\end{aligned} \tag{19}$$

Since